

**FOURTH SEMESTER M.Sc DEGREE (MATHEMATICS) EXAMINATION,
JUNE 2012
(CUCSS-PG-2010)
MT4E05 : OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Weightage: 36

PART – A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all questions. Each question is of weightage 1.

1. Explain the concept of connectedness in directed graph.
2. Define 'cut' in a graph of the maximum flow problem. Explain its role in the maximum flow problem.
3. Explain the method of sensitivity analysis for the changes in the cost coefficients c_j .
4. Distinguish between sensitivity analysis and parametric linear programming.
5. Find graphically the minimum of $(x_1-3)^2 + (x_2-3)^2$ subject to $(x_1-1)(x_2-1) \leq 1, x_1 + x_2 \geq 6, x_1, x_2 \geq 0$.
6. Write down the Kuhn-Tucker conditions for the problem: Minimise $(x_1 + 1)^2 + (x_2 - 2)^2$ subject to $x_1-2 \leq 0, x_2-1 \leq 0, x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0$.
7. What is quadratic programming problem in Operations Research?
8. Write down the standard form of a geometric programming problem.
9. Convert the following problem in to the form of a geometric programming problem: Find the dimensions of the rectangle of maximum area inscribed in a circle of radius r .
10. Briefly explain the method of Dynamic programming to solve the minimum path problem.
11. Use Dynamic programming method to Maximise u_1u_2 subject to $u_1 + u_2 = 7, u_1, u_2 \geq 0$.
12. Define unimodal function. Give an example of a real valued function which is unimodal in $[0,10]$.
13. Describe the Rosenbrock algorithms to locate the minimum of a function.
14. Explain briefly the general method of axial directions.

(14x1=14)

PART – B

(Paragraph Type Questions)

Answer any 7 questions. Each question is of weightage 2

15. Find the minimum spanning tree in the following undirected graph
Are (1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (2,3) (2,8) (2,10) (3,4) (3,8) (4,5) (4,6) (4,8) (5,6) (5,7)
Length 7 4 8 3 9 14 4 10 15 12 10 4 1

(6,7) (6,8) (6,9) (7,9) (8,9) (8,10) (9,10)

2 20 16 18 3 4 6
16. Describe the problem of scheduling sequential activities. Explain how it is converted to the problem of minimum path.
17. The following table gives an optimal solution to the problem minimize $3x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3$ Subject to $-x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 3, x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \geq 2, 2x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 \leq 4, x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$,

Basic	13	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	P ₄	P ₅	P ₆
x ₃	2	1	2	1		-1	
x ₄	1	3	2		1	-2	
x ₆	8	4	5			-2	1
f	-4	1	1			2	

Where x₄ and x₆ are the slack variables introduced in the first and third constraints respectively. Do sensitivity analysis if the first column of the coefficient matrix is changed to (1,2,-2).

18. Explain the method of parametric linear programming in the case of variations in b_i.
19. Let X₀ be a solution of the convex programming problem minimize f(X), subject to g_i(X) ≤ 0, i=1,...,m, f(X) and g(X) are convex functions. Prove that if G(X) = (g₁(X), ..., g_n(X)) and the set of points X such that G(X) < 0, is non-empty, then there exists a vector Y₀ ≥ 0 such that f(X) + Y₀'G(X) ≥ f(X₀).
20. Verify that Kuhn – Tucker theory fails to give solution of the problem: Minimise x₁² + x₂², subject to (x₁-1)³ - x₂² ≥ 0; x₁, x₂ ≥ 0.
21. Use dynamic programming method to maximize u₁² + u₂² + u₃² subject to u₁u₂u₃ ≤ 6 where u₁, u₂ and u₃ are positive integers.
22. Prove that in a serial two-stage minimization problem if (1) the objective function φ₂ is a separable function of stage returns f₁(X₁, U₁) and f₂(X₂, U₂), and (2) φ₂ is monotonic non decreasing function of f₁ for every feasible value of f₂, then the problem is decomposable.
23. Describe the method of quadratic interpolation.
24. Explain the method of steepest descend in multidimensional search.

PART – C

(Essay Type Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question is weightage 4.

25. Maximize f(x) = -5x₁ + 13x₂ + 5x₃ subject to 12x₁ + 10x₂ + 4x₃ ≤ 90, -x₁ + 3x₂ + x₃ ≤ 20, x₁, x₂, x₃ ≥ 0.
Use sensitivity analysis to investigate the effects on the optimal solution if a new constraint 2x₁ + 5x₂ + 3x₃ ≤ 50, is introduced.
26. Use the method of quadratic programming to solve Minimize f(X) = -x₁ - x₂ - x₃ + ½(x₁² + x₂² + x₃²)
Subject to x₁ + x₂ + x₃ - 1 ≤ 0
4x₁ + 2x₂ - 7/3 ≤ 0
x₁, x₂, x₃ ≥ 0.
27. Use geometric programming to find the minimum of $\frac{c_1}{x_1 x_2^{1/2} x_3} + c_2 x_1 x_3 + c_3 x_1 x_2 x_3$
subject to $\frac{c_4}{x_1^2 x_2^2} + \frac{c_5 x_2^{1/2}}{x_3} \leq 1, c_i > 0, x_j > 0, i=1,2,3,4,5; j=1,2,3.$
28. Describe the Fibonacci search plan in one dimensional search

(2 x 4 = 8)

