

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

(Abstract)

B A Programme in Sociology -Under CCSS-Syllabus and scheme-Revised-approved-
implemented with effect from 2011 academic year-approved –implemented -Orders issued.

GENERAL AND ACADEMIC BRANCH IV 'B' SECTION

No.GA IV/B1/507/09

Dated, Calicut University. P.O.29.08.2011.

Read: 1. U.O No.GA1/J2/3601/08 (Vol II) Dated 19-06-2009.

2. U.O. of even no. dated 30.06.2011.
3. Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies held on 12.01.2011(item No.1).
4. Letter from the Chairman, Board of Studies in Sociology U.G, dated 05.07.2011.
5. Orders of the Vice Chancellor in the note file of even no.dated 08.08.2011.

ORDER

Choice based Credit Semester System and Grading has been introduced for UG Curriculum in the colleges affiliated to this University with effect from 2009 admission onwards and Regulations for the same implemented vide paper read first above.

Vide paper read second, sanction had been accorded for implementing the scheme and syllabus of B.A. programme in Sociology under Choice based Credit Semester System in the Colleges affiliated to the University with effect from 2009 admission.

Vide paper read third above the Board of Studies at its meeting held on 12.01.2011, (Item No 1) resolved to approve the revised syllabus of Sociology(U.G) with effect from 2009 admission.

The Chairman vide paper read fourth, has forwarded the revised syllabus, with a request to implement the revised Syllabus with effect from 2011 admission.

The Vice Chancellor after having considered the urgency, and exercising the powers of Academic Council, has approved (item No.1) of the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies held on 12.01.2011, and the request from the Chairman, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

Orders are therefore issued implementing the revised syllabus of B.A Sociology under CCSS in affiliated colleges with effect from 2011 admission, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

Orders are issued accordingly.

The syllabus is uploaded in the website.

Sd/-
DEPUTY REGISTRAR(G &A-IV)
For REGISTRAR

To

The Principals of all Colleges offering B.A. Sociology.

Copy to : P.A to the Controller of Examinations/Ex.Section/Eg.Section/DR,AR-B A Branch/
EA-II Section / System administrator with a request to upload the syllabus in the
University Website/GA I F section/Library/SF/DF/FC.

Forwarded /by Order

Sd/-

SECTION OFFICER

UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM

SYLLABUS FOR B.A. PROGRAMME IN SOCIOLOGY

(REVISED)

2011

LIST OF COURSES FOR B.A. PROGRAMME IN SOCIOLOGY

(CORE AND ELECTIVE)

CORE COURSES

SEM.1 (First Year)

SO1 B.01: Methodology and Perspectives of Social Sciences

Hrs. /Week:6. No. of credits:4

SEM.2 (First Year)

SO2 B.02: Introduction to Sociology

Hrs. /Week:6. No. of credits:4

SEM.3 (Second Year)

SO3 B.03: Social Informatics

Hrs. /Week:4. No. of credits:4

SO3 B.04: Foundation of Sociological Theories

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.4 (Second Year)

SO4 B.05: Social Research Methods

Hrs. /Week:4. No. of credits:4

SO4 B.06: Life Skill Development

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.5 (Third Year)

SO5 B.07: Indian Society and Social Change

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO5 B.08: Theoretical Perspective in Sociology

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO5 B.09: Social Anthropology

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO5 B.10: Research Methods and Statistics

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.6 (Third Year)

SO6 B.11: Environment and Society

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO6 B.12: Mass Media and Society

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO6 B.13: Women and Society

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO6 B.14: Population and Society

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.6 (Third Year)

ELECTIVE COURSE

SO6 E.01: Sociology of Development Hrs. /Week:3. No. of credits:2

LIST OF COMPLEMENTARY/OPENCOURSES FOR B.A. PROGRAMME IN SOCIOLOGY

COURSE I.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.01	Principles of Sociology	3	2
II	SO2 C.02	Sociology of Indian Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.03	Social Psychology	3	2
IV	SO4 C.04	Political Sociology	3	2

COURSE II.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.01	Principles of Sociology	3	2
II	SO2 C.02	Sociology of Indian Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.03	Social Psychology	3	2
IV	SO4 C.05	Economic Sociology	3	2

COURSE III.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.01	Principles of Sociology	3	2
II	SO2 C.02	Sociology of Indian Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.03	Social Psychology	3	2
IV	SO4 C.06	Social Anthropology	3	2

COURSE IV.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.01	Principles of Sociology	3	2
II	SO2 C.02	Sociology of Indian Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.03	Social Psychology	3	2
IV	SO4 C.07	Sociology of Education	3	2

COURSE V.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.01	Principles of Sociology	3	2
II	SO2 C.02	Sociology of Indian Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.03	Social Psychology	3	2
IV	SO4 C.08	Sociology of Mass Communication	3	2

COURSE VI.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.09	Social Work and Society	3	2
II	SO2 C.10	Methods of Intervention in Society	3	2
III	SO3 C.11	Working with Communities	3	2
IV	SO4 C.12	Field Work Curriculum	3	2

COURSE VII.

Semester	Code no. of the Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hours per week	No. of Credits
I	SO1 C.13	Personality and Social System	3	2
II	SO2 C.14	Social Behaviour	3	2

III	SO3 C.15	Collective Behaviour	3	2
IV	SO4 C.16	Social Communication	3	2

(Any one of the seven courses to be offered)

OPEN COURSE

SEM.5 (Third Year)

SO5 D.01: Life Skill Education

Hrs./Week:3. No.of credits:4

SO5 D.02: Sociology of Mass Media

Hrs./Week:3. No.of credits:4

(Any one of the two courses to be offered)

LIST OF CORE, ELECTIVE AND OPEN COURSES FOR

B.A. DOUBLE MAIN PROGRAMME IN SOCIOLOGY

CORE COURSES

SEM.1 (First Year)

SO1 B.01: Methodology and Perspectives of Social Sciences

Hrs. /Week:6. No. credits:4

SEM.2 (First Year)

SO2 B.O2: Introduction to Sociology

Hrs. /Week:6. No. credits:4

SEM.3 (Second Year)

SO3 B.O3: Social Informatics

Hrs. /Week:5. No. credits:4

SO3 B.04 /(SO4 B.05): Social Research Methods

Hrs./Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.4 (Second Year)

SO4 B.05 /(SO4 B.06): Life Skill Development

Hrs. /week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.5 (Third Year)

SO5 B.06/(SO3 B.04): Foundation of Sociological Theories

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SEM.6 (Third Year)

SO6 B.07/(SO5 B.07): Indian Society and Social Change.

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

SO6 B.08/(SO6 B.12): Mass Media and Society

Hrs. /Week:5. No. of credits:4

ELECTIVE COURSE

SEM.5 (Third Year)

SO5 E.01/(SO6 E.01): Sociology of Development

Hrs. /Week:3. No. of credits:2

OPEN COURSE

SEM.5 (Third Year)

SO5 D.01: Life Skill Education

Hrs./Week:3. No.of credits:4

SO5 D.02: Sociology of Mass Media

Hrs./Week:3. No.of credits:4

(Any one of the two courses to be offered)

CORE COURSE

SO1 B.01

No of credits: 4

METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

Objectives

1. Identify the main concerns of social science disciplines
2. Articulate the basic theories prevalent across disciplines
3. Understand qualitative and quantitative models within the social sciences
4. To learn to apply the methods and theories of social sciences to contemporary issues
5. Critically read popular and periodical literature from a social science perspective

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL SCIENCES

I.1 Social Sciences- Its Emergence: Philosophical Foundations-Middle ages, Renaissance,

Enlightenment and Development of Scientific spirit

Hunt, Elgin “Social Science and its Methods” in *Social Science: An Introduction to the Study of Society*, Allyn and Bacon, 2008

Perry John “ Through the Lens of Sciences” in *Contemporary Society : An Introduction to Social Sciences*, Allyn and Bacon, 2009

Porta, Donatella Della and Micheal Keating, *Approaches and Methodologies in the Social Sciences A Pluralistic Perspective*, Cambridge University Press, Delhi 2008

Natraj, VK et al, “Social Science : Dialogue for Revival” *Economic and Political Weekly*, August 18 2001, pp 328-3133

Weber, Max “ Objectivity in Social Sciences and Social Policy” in Mark J smith (ed), *Philosophy and Methodology of Social Sciences Vol II*, Sage, New Delhi 2005

Sujata Patel et al (ed), *Thinking Social Science in India* , Sage , New Delhi 2002

Dhanagare.D.N.,*Themes and Perspectives in Indian Society*

Singh, Yogendra, *Modernisation of Indian Tradition*

Fletcher, Ronald, *The Making of Sociology Vol I*

Adams,Bert.N, *Sociological Theory*

Ahuja, Ram, *Indian Social System*, Rawat Publications, Delhi

Kundu, Abhijit, *The Social Sciences: Methodology and Perspectives*, Pearson,New Delhi

CORE COURSE

SO2 B.02

No. of credits: 4

INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

Objectives

1. To understand the basic concepts and the major concerns of sociology.
2. To understand the relationship between culture, personality and society.
3. To identify the nature and characteristics of social processes.

MODULE I BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Nature, Scope, Significance

I.2 Basic Concepts: Society, Community, Institution, Social Structure, Social System,
Social Groups, Social Organisation

MODULE II SOCIALISATION

II.1 Definition, Features

II.2 Stages of Socialisation, Agencies of Socialisation

II.3 Social Norms: Conformity, Deviance, Needs of Social Control

MODULE III CULTURE, PERSONALITY AND SOCIETY

III.1 Definition of Culture

III.2 Material Culture and Non Material Culture, Cultural lag

III.3 Relationship between Culture, Personality and Society

MODULE IV SOCIAL PROCESS

IV.1 Social Process: Associative- Cooperation, Accommodation, Assimilation, Interaction

IV.2 Social Process: Dissociative- Competition, Conflict, Contravention, Isolation

Reference

Bottomore. T. B, *Sociology*

Sankar Rao, *Sociology*

Peter Worsley, *Introducing Sociology*

Mac Iver, *Society – An Introductory Analysis*

Kingsley Davis, *Human Society*

Tony Bilton, *Introductory Sociology*

Vidya Bhushan & D.R. Sachdeva, *An Introduction to Sociology*

Jamen. M. Henslin, *Essentials of Sociology*

Anthony Giddens, *Sociology*

CORE COURSE

SO3 B.03

No. of credits: 4

SOCIAL INFORMATICS

Objectives

1. To review the basic concepts and functional knowledge in the field of informatics
2. To review functional knowledge in a standard office package and popular utilities
3. To create awareness about social issues and concerns related to informatics
4. To impart the skills to enable students to use digital knowledge resources in learning

MODULE I OVERVIEW OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

I.1 Features of modern personal computer and peripherals: Hardware and Software

I.2 Major operating systems and application softwares: DOS and Windows,

Uses of MS Word, MS Excel, MS PowerPoint and SPSS

I.3 Open access initiatives and free software movement

MODULE II KNOWLEDGE SKILL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

II.1 Internet as a knowledge repository: World Wide Web, Search engines, Academic search techniques and academic websites

II.2 Use of IT in teaching: Academic services- INFLIBNET, NICNET, BRNET

II.3 Basic concepts of IPR, Copy rights and Patents, Internet plagiarism

MODULE III SOCIAL INFORMATICS

III.1 Relevance of informatics in society

III.2 Social Cybernetics, Information society, Cyber ethics

III.3 Impact of IT on social interactions: e-groups, virtual communities and blogging

III.4 IT and social development

MODULE IV MAJOR ISSUES RELATED TO INFORMATICS

IV.1 Piracy issues, Cyber crime, Cyber Security and Cyber Laws

IV.2 New threats of IT industry: Information overload, Cyber addictions, Health issues

IV.3 E wastes and Green Computing

Reference

Pearson, *Technology in Action*

Rajaraman V, *Introduction to information Technology*, Prentice Hall

Alexis Leon & Mathew Leon, *Computers today*, Leon Vikas

Peter Notion, *Introduction to Computers*, Indian adapted edition

George Perry, *SAMS Teach Yourself Open office org*, SAMS

Alexis Leon & Mathew Leon, *Fundamentals of Information Technology*

Armand Mathew, *The Information Society*, London Sage Publications

Ajai S Gaur, *Statistical methods for Practice and Research*, New Delhi, Response books

Web resources:

www.fgcu.edu/support/office2000

www.openoffice.org

www.microsoft.com/office

www.lgta.org

www.learnthenet.com

CORE COURSE

SO3 B.04

No. of credits: 4

FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Objectives

1. To provide an understanding of the historical condition in which sociology originated and developed.
2. To understand the intellectual and philosophical foundations of Sociological theories and contributions of Classical theorists to Sociology.

MODULE I FORMATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

I.1 Emergence of Sociology- Social background: French Revolution, Decline of Estate

System, Emergence of Capitalism and Establishment of Democracy in Europe.

I.2 Intellectual background: Scientific revolution, Freedom of thought, Efforts to interpret

Social change, Need for a new social science

I.3 Philosophical background: Enlightenment, Contributions of Rousseau, Montesquieu,

Saint Simone (in brief)

MODULE II FOUNDERS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

II.1 Auguste Comte : Concept of Society & Sociology, Methodology-positivism.

II.2 Herbert Spencer : Concept of society & Social change, Methodology –Organic analogy.

II.3 Karl Marx : Concept of Social Change-Relations of Production, Forces of Production
and Mode of Production, Class and Class Conflict,Methodology – Dialectical Materialism

MODULE III: DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVE

III.1 Contributions of Emile Durkhiem: Development of Modern Sociology,
Methodology- Study of Social Facts

III.2 Durkhiem as a functionalist

III.3 Theorising Modern Societies : Social Solidarity and Division of Labour,
Theory of Suicide

MODULE IV: DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIOLOGICAL METHOD

IV.1 Contributions of Max Weber: Sociology as the study of Social Action-Verstehen Method

IV.2 Major concerns : Power, Authority, Rationality,Religion and Economy-
Protestants Ethics

IV.3 Concept of Modern Societies: Iron cage of Rationality and Bureaucracy.

Reference

Adams, Bert and R.A. Sydie. 2001.*Sociological Theory*. Thousand Oaks,C.A.: Pine Forge Press.

Collins, Randall. 1986 c. *Weberian Social Theory*. Cambridge: University Press.

Coser, Lewis. 1977, *Masters of Sociological Thought, 2nd ed.* New York: Harcourt, Brace & Jovanovich.

Delaney, Tim. 2008, *Contemporary Social Theory, Investigation and Application.* New York Prentice Hall.

Good, Erich. 1988. *Sociology, 2nd Edition.* Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.

Ritzer, George. 1985. 'The Rise of Micro Sociological Theory'. *Sociological Theory.* Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Ritzer, George. 2000d. *Sociological Theory. 5th ed.* Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Ritzer, George. 2000c. *Modern Sociological Theory. 5th ed.* Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Ritzer, George. 2003. *Contemporary Sociological Theory and its Classical Roots.* Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Turner, Jonathan. H. 2003. *The Structure of Sociological Theory.* Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.

CORE COURSE

SO4 B.05

No. of credits: 4

SOCIAL RESEARCH METHODS

Objectives

1. To provide an understanding of fundamentals of social research
2. To discuss the different forms of research and its applications
3. To understand the scientific nature of research and various steps involved in it.

Reference

Ahuja ,Ram(2001) , *Research Methods* , Rawat Publications , New Delhi

Claire , S., Marie Jahoda , Morton Duetch and Stuart W.Cooke (1962), *Research methods in Social Relations* , New York , Colt, Reinehart and Whinstone

Dominwski , R.L., (1980) , *Research Methods* , New Jersey , Prentice Hall Inc.

Misra R.P.,(1983), *Research Methodology Hand Book* , New Delhi ,Concept Publishing Company.

Young , P.V.&Schmid.C.F., *Scientific Social Surveys and Research* , Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Goode, W.J., & Hatt ,P.K.(1981) ,*Methods in Social Research* , McGraw Hill, New York

Bailey Kenneth.D ., (1978) , *Methods of Social Research* ,Free Press , New York

Kothari , C.R .,(1985) , *Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques* , New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Krishnaswamy .O, (2004), *Social Research Methods*, New Delhi , Himalaya Publications

CORE COURSE

SO4 B.06

No of credits: 4

LIFE SKILL EDUCATION

Objectives

1. To provide with the knowledge of necessary life skill for the application in every day life
2. To enhance the quality of addressing issue relevant to the life situations

3. To enable the students to establish productive interpersonal relationships with others
4. To equip students for handling specific issues

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO LIFE SKILL EDUCATION

- I. 1 Definition of Life skills, Components of life skills, Need for Life skill training
- I. 2 Life Skill a Life Course approach: (a) critical thinking skills / decision making skills
(b) interpersonal/ communication skills (c) coping and self management skills .

MODULE II COMMUNICATION SKILLS.

- II.1 Communication: Definition, Types, Components -Verbal and Non Verbal
Communication.
- II.2 Effective interpersonal communication
- II.3 Person to group communication: Public Speaking, Interview facing and
Group Discussion

MODULE III CAREER PLANNING

- III.1 Choosing a Career, Career Planning, Need and importance of Career Guidance
- III.2 Career Guidance Centres, Sources of career information: Job Fair, Career Magazines,
Computerised job Search
- III.3 Applying for a Job: Preparation of Resume, Follow up communication

MODULE IV SELF MANAGEMENT

- IV.1 Self Esteem, Self awareness, Self control
- IV.2 Emotional Quotient and Social Quotient

IV.3 Coping with emotions, Stress and strain

IV 4 Conflict resolution, Steps and stages

IV. 5 Developing Positive thinking and Assertiveness

Reference

Elizabeth Hurlock (1968), *Development Psychology*, Mc Grew Hill

Baron A Robert and Byrne Donn (2003), *Social Psychology*, Prentice Hall of India

Delors, Jacques (1997), *Learning: the Treasure Within*, UNESCO , Paris

UNESCO and Indian national Commission of Co operation with UNESCO (2001), *Life Skill in Non formal education A Review*, UNESCO , Paris

WHO (1999), *Partners in Life Skill Education: Conclusions form a UN Inter Agency Meeting*, WHO , Geneva

Pathanki, Dhum (2005), *Education in Human Sexuality: a Source Book for education*, FPA India and IPPF, Mumbai

Swathi Y Bhave (ed) (2006), *Bhave's Text Book of Adolescent Medicine*, Jaypee Brothers medical Publishers , New Delhi

MKC Nair , et al (ed)(2001), *Family life education and AIDS Awareness training Manual for Minus two to plus two*

Websites

www.unesco.org

www.un.org

www.unfpa.org

www.who.int/en.

CORE COURSE

SO5 B.07

No. of Credits: 4

INDIAN SOCIETY AND SOCIAL CHANGE

Objectives

1. To provide a sociological perspective for understanding the dynamics of Indian Society
2. To analyse the changes occurred in the various institutions in Indian Society

MODULE 1 FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY

I.1 Features of Indian Society- Rural and Urban

I.2 Forms of Diversity in India-Linguistic, Religious, Racial, Ethnic

I.3 Bonds of Unity in India-Geographical, Religious, Political

MODULE II FAMILY, MARRIAGE AND KINSHIP

II.1 Family in Indian Society- Structural and Functional Changes

II.2 Marriage in Indian Society-Structural and Functional Changes

II.3 Kinship- Definition, Types, Terminology

MODULE 111 RELIGION, CASTE AND CLASS IN INDIA

III.1 Caste: Changes in Indian Caste System: Sanskritisation, Westernisation,

Modernisation, Recent trends in Indian Caste system,

Backward Classes: Scheduled Caste and Dalits, Other Backward Classes

III.2 Class Structure of Rural and Urban Society in India

III.3 Role of Religion in Indian Rural and Urban Societies

III.4 Regionalism, Communalism, Secularism

MODULE IV EDUCATION AND ECONOMY IN INDIAN SOCIETY

IV.1 Changes in Indian educational System-Pre and Post Independent India

IV.2 Changing Structure of Rural Economy in Post Independent India

IV.3 Urban Economy in India after Independence

IV.4 New Economic Policies- Liberalisation, Privatisation, Globalisation

Reference

Ram Ahuja, *Indian social System*

S.C. Dube, *Indian Society*

Luniya.B.N, *Evolution of Indian Culture*

A.R.Desai, *Rural Sociology in India*

Yogendra Singh, *Modernisation of Indian Tradition*

M.N.Srinivas, *Social change in India*

M.N.Srinivas, *India's Villages*

Mukhi, *Indian Social System*

Dahiwale.S.M., *Understanding Indian Society*

Lerner Daniel, *The Passing Away of Traditional Society*

Shah.A.B, *Tradition and Modernity in India.*

Milton Singer, *Traditional India*

Iravati Karve, *Marriage and Family in India*

Pauline.M.Kolenda, *Religion,Caste and Family Structure*

Satish Deshpande, *Contemporary India*

CORE COURSE

SO5 B.08

No. of Credits: 4

THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY

Objectives

1. To provide the basic understanding on nature and characteristics of different schools of Sociological theories and theoretical analysis
2. To help categorise individual theorist's contributions into various Schools of thought.
3. To provide an understanding on intellectual roots of modern Sociological theories and major contributors in different Schools of thought.

MODULE I DEVELOPMENT OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

- I.1 Definition, Nature and Characteristics of theory, Elements of theory: Concepts, Variables, Statements and Formats
- I.2 Definition, Nature and Characteristics of Sociological theory
- I.3 Major schools of sociological thought- Functionalism, Structuralism, Conflict theory, Interactionism

MODULE II FUNCTIONALIST PERSPECTIVE

- II.1 Origin and development of Functionalism
- II.2 Functionalism of Talcott Parsons- Social Action theory, Social System, Pattern Variables

II.3 Functionalism of Merton- Functionalist Paradigm

MODULE III CONFLICT PERSPECTIVE

III.1 Origin of Conflict theory-Marx and Simmel's Contributions to conflict theory

III.2 Basic premises, Major contributors- Coser: Functions of Conflict, Dahrendorf: ICA's

MODULE IV INTERACTIONIST PERSPECTIVE

IV.1 Symbolic Interactionism – Historical roots-pragmatism and behaviourism ,Chicago School and nature of American Sociology ,

IV.2 Major Contributors: Contributions of G.H.Mead and C.H.Cooley.

Reference

Adams, Bert and R.A. Sydie. 2001. *Sociological Theory*. Thousand Oaks,C.A.: Pine Forge Press.

Cohen,Percy.S. 1979. *Modern Social Theory*, Heinemann Educational Books Ltd and The English Language Book Society

Collins, Randall. 1986 . *Weberian Social Theory*. Cambridge: University Press.

Coser, Lewis. 1977, *Masters of Sociological Thought, 2nd ed.* New York: Harcourt, Brace & Jovanovich.

Delaney, Tim. 2008, *Contemporary Social Theory, Investigation and Application*. New York: Prentice Hall.

Good, Erich. 1988. *Sociology, 2nd Edition*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.

Kinloch,Graham.C.1977, *Sociological Theory:Its Development and Major Paradigms*, MacGraw-Hill Book Company

Ritzer, George. 2000d. *Sociological Theory*. 5th ed. Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Ritzer, George. 2000c. *Modern Sociological Theory*. 5th ed. Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Ritzer, George. 2003. *Contemporary Sociological Theory and its Classical Roots*. Boston: Mc Graw Hill.

Turner, Jonathan. H. 2003. *The Structure of Sociological Theory*. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.

CORE COURSE

SO5 B.09

No of credits: 4

SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

Objectives

1. To introduce the basic concepts of Anthropology
2. To familiarize with Anthropological studies in India by focusing on Tribal Communities in the country in general and in the state of Kerala in particular

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO ANTHROPOLOGY

- I. 1 Definition, Meaning, Nature, Scope of Anthropology, Origin of Social Anthropology
- I. 2 Methods of Anthropology: Case study, Ethnography – Focused Interview, Participant and non- participant observations

MODULE II CULTURE & SOCIETY

- II. 1 Definition, Components of Culture, Characteristics of Culture, Stages of Cultural Evolution
- II.2 Theories of Culture: Functionalist thought of Anthropology: Malinovsky,
Structural theory: Levi- Strauss and Radcliff Brown
Theories of cultural process: Evolution, Acculturation, Assimilation, Diffusion,
Enculturation, Integration

II. 3 Social Institutions in Primitive Society: Marriage, Family, Kinship, Kinship Usages,
Class & Lineage Totem, Religion and Magic

MODULE III TRIBES IN INDIA

- III. 1 Definition and characteristics of Tribes, Population Composition and distribution of Indian tribes, Socio – economic status of Indian tribes
- III.2 Tribes in Indian Constitution, Tribal Welfare in India
- III.3 Tribal movements in India, Tribes in transition

MODULE IV TRIBES IN KERALA

- IV.1 Characteristics, Composition and distribution,
- IV.2 Tribal issues in Kerala: Landlessness, Poverty
- IV.3 Field work visit to a Tribal Area

Reference

- Madan and Majumdar, *An Introduction to Social Anthropology*
- Makhan Jha, *An Introduction to Anthropological thought*
- Herskovits M.T, *Cultural Anthropology*
- Leela Dube, *Sociology of Kinship*
- Balbir Singh Negi, *Man, Culture and Society*
- Nadeem Hasnain, *Tribal India*
- Arup Maharatra, *Demographic perspectives on India's tribes*
- K.S. Singh, *The Scheduled Tribes*
- Roy Busman, *Tribes in Perspective*
- Mathur PRG, *Tribal situation in Kerala*

CORE COURSE

RESEARCH METHODS AND STATISTICS

Objectives

1. To provide basic understanding in social statistics.
2. To provide an understanding of the use of statistical techniques of social research in Project Work.

MODULE I STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES IN SOCIAL RESEARCH

I.1 Statistics - Definition as singular and plural nouns, Scope and uses of statistics

I.2 Use of statistical methods in social research, Limitations of Statistics

MODULE II SAMPLING TECHNIQUES

II.1 Definition and purpose of sampling, Advantages and limitations

II.2 Types of sampling:

a) Probability sampling : Simple Random Sampling, Systematic Sampling ,
Stratified Sampling, Cluster Sampling

b) Non-probability sampling : Accidental or Convenience Sampling,
Purposive or judgment Sampling, Quota Sampling,
Snow-ball Sampling

MODULE III DATA MANAGEMENT AND PRESENTATION

III.1 Nature of Statistical Data: Variables and Attributes

III.2 Classification and Tabulation, Construction of Frequency Tables and its components

III.3 Diagrammatical and Graphical representation of data

(a) Dimensional diagrams – bar diagrams, pie diagrams

(b) Graphs – Histogram, Frequency curve, Frequency polygon, Ogives

III.4 Basic Statistical Measures : Central Tendency – Mean, Median, Mode

MODULE IV REPORT WRITING

IV.1 Target audience: Academic community, Sponsors of study and the General public.

IV.2 Types of report: Synopsis, Research proposal, Comprehensive report for the
Academic Community

IV.3 Content of Research report: Introduction, Research design and Data collection,
Data Processing and Analysis , Findings , Summary ,
Appendices and Bibliography

Reference

Ahuja ,Ram(2001) , *Research Methods* , Rawat Publications , New Delhi

Claire , S., Marie Jahoda , Morton Duetch and Stuart W.Cooke (1962) ,

Research methods in Social Relations , New York , Molt, Reinchart and Whinstone

Gupta S.C .and Kapoor V.K.,(1986) , *Fundamentals of Statistics*, New Delhi, Chand

Misra R.P.,(1983), *Research Methodology ;Hand Book* , New Delhi ,Concept
Publishing Co.

Young , P.V.&Schmid.C.F., *Scientific Social Surveys and Research* , Prentice-Hall of
India Pvt. Ltd.

Goode, W.J., & Hatt ,P.K.(1981) ,*Methods in Social Research* , McGraw Hill, New York

Bailey Kenneth.D ., (1978) , *Methods of Social Research* ,Free Press , New York

Kothari , C.R .,(1985) , *Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques* , New Delhi
Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Krishnaswamy .O ., (2004) , *Social Research Methods* , New Delhi , Himalaya Pubs.

Wampold , B.E, and Drew, D.J.,(1990), *Theory and Application of Statistics* ,
Mc Graw Hills Inc.

PROJECT WORK

SEMESTER 5 AND 6

No. of Credits: 4

SO6 B. (PR) 01

Specifications of the Project Work

1. Project Work is spread over the two Semesters, 5 and 6 respectively. Submission of the Project Work should be made at the end of the 6th Semester only. The number of credits will be 4 and hours of work in each semester will be 2.
2. The project work may be on any Social Issue/ Social Situation/ Social Problem relevant in Sociological analysis.
3. Project work may be done by a group of students (5 to 7 members) and a Teacher in the department is to supervise the work throughout the 5th and 6th semester.

4. Basic methods of social research discussed in the Semester 4 (SO4 B05: Social Research Methods) and in Semester 5 (SO5 B10: Research Methods and Social Statistics) should be applied for project work.
5. Project work should be based on either primary or secondary sources of data.
6. The project work report may contain the following items
 - a) Introduction
 - b) Methodology
 - c) Analysis
 - d) Conclusions
 - e) Bibliography
 - f) Appendix, if any

A declaration of students and certificate of the supervising teacher should be included in the report.

7. Project Work Report may be in typed form in 40 to 60 pages (English: Times New Roman, 12 point font, Malayalam: 12 point font; 1.5 space). Report should be spiral bound and three copies of the same are to be submitted.
8. Report presentation is to be made in an open meeting by the whole group. No Member shall be exempted from the presentation. Participation of each member will be considered in the process of evaluation. All the members will be awarded with the same grade for the presentation. Viva-voce will be conducted individually and individual grades will be awarded. The grade of the student for project work will be the average of the common grade for presentation (75%) and individual grade for Viva-voce (25%).

CORE COURSE

SO6 B.11

No. of Credits: 4

ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To provide basic knowledge of environmental sociology
2. To make the students aware of the various environmental issues

MODULE I ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Emergence and development of environmental Sociology

I.2 Scope, Importance Need for Public awareness, Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies .

MODULE II THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS

II.1 Views of Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, Karl Marx, Parsons , Anthony Giddens.

MODULE III ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

III. 1 Issues pertaining to water, air, soil, solid waste, sanitation, Technological waste, Importing and Exporting of waste

III. 2 The role of Multi Nationals, Global warming, Climate Change

MODULE IV ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

IV.1 Deforestation, Construction of dams , Extinction of species

References

Benny Joseph- *Environmental studies*

Shardha Singh & Manisha Shukla- *Environmental studies*

Sukant K Chaudhary- *Culture, Environment and Sustainable Development*

Robe White-*Controversies in Environmental Sociology*

Redcliff and Benton- *Social Theory and Global Environment*

Ramachandra Guha-*Social Ecology*

CORE COURSE

SO6 B.12

No. of credits: 4

SOCIOLOGY OF MASS COMMUNICATION

Objectives

1. To provide an understanding of different types of media and forms of communication
2. To provide a basic understanding of relationship between Media and Society
3. To analyse the changes in Media, Society and Culture

MODULE 1 COMMUNICATION

- I.1 Definition and meaning and of communication
- I.2 Group and Mass Communication, Extra Personal Communication
- I.3 Communication and Modern Technology

MODULE II MASS MEDIA

- II. 1 Nature characteristics and Functions of Mass Media
- II. 2 Folk and traditional media, Printing and Publications, Electronic Media,
Radio, T.V., Films, Cyberspace, Virtual Communication, Internet, Blogging

MODULE III THEORIES OF MASS MEDIA

- III.1 Harold Innis and Marshal Mc Lahan: Space, Time and Global Village - 'The Media is the Message'
- III.2 Raymond Williams: Communication and Revolution, Cultural Materialism and Hegemony
- III.3 Habermas: Culture and Public Space
- III.4 Thompson: Media and Modern Society

MODULE IV CULTURAL STUDIES, POPULAR CULTURE

- IV.1 Cultural Studies as Interface between Humanities and Social Science,
Popular Culture, High Culture – Low Culture.
- IV.2 Media and Globalisation, Impact of Media on developing Societies,
Democracy and Issues of Media Regulation

Reference

- John Fiske - *Introduction to Communication Studies*
- Martenson - *Introduction to Communication Studies*
- Anthony Giddens - *Sociology*
- Nick Stevenson - *Understanding Media Culture*
- Nick Stevenson - *Social Theory and Mass Communication*
- Nick Stevenson - *Media theory : An Introduction - Blackwell*
- Srivastava K.M. - *Radio and T.V. Journalism*
- Mehta. D.S - *Mass Communication and Journalism in India*
- Diwakar Sharma - *Mass Communication : Theory and Practice in 21st
Century*
- Zahid Hussain - *Media and Communication in the Third world*
- Raymond Williams - *Communication and Revolution*
- Habermas - *Culture and Public Space*

CORE COURSE

SO6 B.13

No. of Credits: 4

WOMEN AND SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To provide basic understanding of the importance of women studies
2. To provide an analytical understanding of gender differences and major gender issues

MODULE I NATURE AND IMPORTANCE OF WOMEN STUDIES

I.1 Origin and Development of Women Studies, Women Studies in National and International Settings, Objectives and Relevance of Women Studies

I.2 Major Concepts in Women Studies: Sex, Gender, Gender Difference, Gender Identity, Gender Inequality, Gender Bias, Gender Discrimination

MODULE II SEX ROLE THEORIES

II.1 Biological Theories: Tiger and Fox, Murdoch, Parson

II.2 Cultural Theories: Ann Oakley, Bruno Bettelheim

II.3 Psychological Theories: Freud

II.4 Feminism: Definition, Meaning and Objectives, Liberal, Radical and Socialist Perspectives of Feminism

MODULE III CHANGING STATUS OF WOMEN IN INDIA

III.1 Status of Women in Contemporary India: Educational, Economic, Legislative

III.2 Status of Women and Changing Form of Family Structure

III.3 Women's Movement in Pre and Post Independent India

MODULE IV MAJOR ISSUES OF WOMEN IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

IV.1 Major Gender issues: Sexual exploitation, Rape, Prostitution, Sex Tourism,

IV.2 Major Welfare policies and empowerment programmes for women in India -A Critical
Evaluation

Reference

Neera Desai And M Krishnaraj : *Women And Society In India*

M.N Sreenivas : *Changing Status Of Women*

Maithreyi Krishnaraj: *Women Studies In India*

Chandrakala: *Changing Status Of Women*

George Ritzer: *Sociological Theory*

David Boucheir : *The Feminist Challenge*

Ann Oakley: *Sex Gender And Society*

Haralambos,Michael : *Sociology-Themes and Perspectives*, Oxford University Press.

CORE COURSE

SO6 B14

No. of Credits: 4

POPULATION AND SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To provide a basic theoretical explanation of population studies and related concepts.
2. To provide critical analysis of the population theories
3. To analyse the changes in population in society

MODULE 1 POPULATION STUDIES

I.1 Population Studies, Definition, Nature, Subject matter and Scope of Population Studies

I.2 Relation of Population Studies with other Social Sciences: Demography, Sociology,
Economics

I.3 Sources of Population Data: Census, Vital Statistics, Sample Survey, Dual Report
System, Population Registers and International Publications

MODULE II THEORIES OF POPULATION

II.1 Malthusian Theory

II.2 Optimum Population Theory

II.3 Demographic Transition Theory

MODULE III STRUCTURE, CHARACTERISTICS AND DYNAMICS OF

POPULATION

III.1 Population Structure and Characteristics: Sex and Age Characteristics, Marital Status, Education, Occupation and Religion

III.2 Fertility: Biological, Cultural and Social Factors of Fertility, Measures of Fertility

III.3 Mortality: Factors of Mortality, Measures of Mortality

III.4 Migration: Types of Migration- Internal and International

MODULE IV POPULATION GROWTH, DEVELOPMENT, POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES

IV.1 Population Growth in India with Special focus on Kerala -Education, Health, Socio economic development

IV.2 Population Policies: Mortality, Fertility and Migration influencing Policies, Anti-Natalist Policies

IV.3 Family Planning and Welfare Programmes

Reference

Asha Bhende And Tara Kanitkar: *Principles Of Population Studies* ,Himalayan Publishing House,Bombay ,1996

Ashish Bose: *Indian Population*

Thompson and Lewis: *Population Problems*

M.L.Jhingan , B.K.Bhatt, J.N Desai: *Demography*

Agarwal S.N: *India's Population Problems*

Bose A : *Patterns Of Population Change In India*

Clarke J.I: *Population Geography*

Mandelbaum D.G: *Human Fertility In India*

Srivastava S.C: *Studies In Demography*

Mamoria C.B: *India's Population Problems*

ELECTIVE COURSE

SO6 E.01

No: of credits: 2

SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

Objectives

1. To familiarise the student with the concept of development.
2. To provide theoretical explanation of development
3. To understand the development experience of Kerala

MODULE I CONCEPT OF DEVELOPMENT

I.1 Social development, Economic development , Human Development,
Sustainable development

MODULE II THEORIES OF DEVELOPMENT

II.1 Modernisation Theory

II.2 Dependency Theory : Immanual Wallerstein

II.3 World System Theory : Sameer Ameen

II.4 Unequal Union development

MODULE III DEVELOPMENT EXPERIENCES IN KERALA

3.1 People's Planning Programme in Kerala

(Field visit to Govt. and Non-Government Organisation and Prepare Reports)

References

Thomas Issac & Richard W Franke – *Local Development and Planning*

Katar Singh - *Rural Development, Principles Policies & Management*, New Delhi, Serge
Publication

Dunn Edgar. S. (1971) – *Economic and Social Development, A process of Social Learning*,
Baltimore the John Hopkins Uty. Press

Dube S.C.(1988) - *Modernisation and development*

Salunkhe. S.A. (2003)- *The Concept of Sustainable Development (Root Construction &
Critical Evaluation, Social Change)*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

S01 CO.1

No. of credits: 2

PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

Objectives

To provide a brief understanding about Sociology

To enable the students to familiarize with the basic concepts in Sociology

MODULE I SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Definition, Nature, Relevance

I.2 Basic Concepts – Society, Community, Association, Institution, Marriage, Family,
Religion, Social groups.

MODULE II SOCIALISATION

II.1 Definition, Features

II.2 Stages of Socialisation, Agencies of Socialisation.

II.3 Inter relationship between Culture, Personality, and Society

References

Bottomore. T.B. - *Sociology*

Rao, Sankar - *Sociology*

Worsley, Peter - *Introducing Sociology*

Mac Iver - *Society – An Introductory Analysis*

Kingsley Davis - *Human Society*

Tony Bilton - *Introductory Sociology*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO2 C.02

No. of Credits: 2

SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To provide a sociological perspective for understanding the Indian Society
2. To understand about the various institutions in Indian Society

MODULE 1 FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY

I.1 Features of Indian Society

I.2 Forms of Diversity in India-Linguistic, Religious, Racial, Ethnic

I.3 Bonds of Unity in India-Geographical, Religious, Political

MODULE II INDIAN SOCIAL SYSTEM

II.1 Family, Kinship and Marriage in India- Definition and functions, Types-Joint and

Nuclear families, Monogamy and Polygamy, Primary, Secondary and Tertiary

Kinship

II.2 Religion: Role of religion in Indian Society

Caste: Definition, Characteristics and Changes in Indian Caste System

References

- Ram Ahuja - *Indian social System*
- S.C. Dube- *Indian Society*
- A.R.Desai - *Rural Sociology in India*
- Yogendra Singh – *Modernisation of Indian Tradition*
- M.N.Srinivas- *Social change in India*
- M.N.Srinivas - *India's Villages*
- Mukhi- *Indian Social System*
- Iravati Karve- *Marriage and Family in India*
- Pauline.M. Kolenda- *Religion, Caste and Family Structure*
- Shah.A.B.- *Tradition and Modernity in India*

COMPLIMENTARY COURSE

SO3 CO.3

Number of Credits: 2

SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Objectives

1. To provide an understanding of basic concepts in social psychology
2. To provide basic understanding on social behaviour
3. To provide basic understanding on personality and its relation with social system

MODULE 1

SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

I.1 Definition, Nature, Subject Matter And Scope Of Social Psychology, Methods Of Studying Social Psychology, Importance of the study

I.2 Groups : Definition, Types- Primary and Secondary Groups, Social Interaction , Social and Inter Personal Relations.

I.3 Crowd, Audience and Rumor: Definition Characteristics and Classification of Crowd and Audience

I.4 Leadership : Definition of leader and leadership, Characteristics, Types, Emergence of Leadership in a Group

MODULE II PERSONALITY AND SOCIAL SYSTEM

II.1 Attitude : Meaning, Types and Formation of Attitude

II.2 Social Learning : Meaning and Definition, Factors in The Process Of Learning

II.3 Personality : Definition and Factors Affecting Personality, Social Factors Influencing Personality,

Reference

David Krech & Richard S Crutchfield : *Theory And Problems of Social Psychology*

Kuppuswamy B : *Elements Of Social Psychology*

Shaw M.E & Costanso P.R : *Theories Of Social Psychology*

Sheriff M & Sherriff C.M : *Social Psychology*

Lind Gren H.C : *An Introduction to Social Psychology*

Cooper.B.Joseph&James.L.McGaugh : *Integrating Principles of Social Psychology*

Douglas T Kenrick : *Social Psychology*

Steven L Neuberg,Robert B Cialdini : *Social Psychology Unraveling the Mystery*

Sharon.S.Brehm,Saul.M.Kassin,Steven Fein : *Social Psychology*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 C.04

POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

No of Credits: 2

Objectives

1. To understand critically the fields of political sociology

2. To understand the role of political socialization
3. To acquire knowledge about the current political scenario of India

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Definition, Subject matter, Importance and problems of Political sociology. Relationship with Political Science

MODULE II POLITICAL SOCIALIZATION AND POLITICAL PROCESSES

II. 1 Political socialization, Meaning, Types, Means and Determinants of political participation

II.2 Politicization of caste Role of Pressure tactics, Communal organizations, Role of Mass media.

II.3 Public Opinion, Interrelation between politics and society, Politicization in Public life

References

1. Harold A Gould- *Politics and caste*, Chanakya Publications
2. R T Jingam- *Text Book of Political Sociology*, OUP
3. Ali Asaraf & L N Sharma- *Political Sociology*, University Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 CO.5

No. of Credits: 2

ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

Objectives

1. To familiarise the students about the origin and development of Economic Sociology
2. To introduce the basic concepts of Economic Sociology
- 3 To equip the student to analyse modern societies in the perspective of Economic Sociology

MODULE I DEVELOPMENT OF ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Introduction: Definition, Origin and Development of Economic Sociology

Comparison between Economics and Economic Sociology

I.2 Sociological views of Economy: Marx (Materialistic Interpretation of Society),

Weber (Economy and Society), Simmel (Philosophy of Money),

Durkheim (Division of Labour), Karl Polanyi (Economy as established Process),
and Parsons (Economy as a sub system)

I.3 New Economic Sociology- Mark Granovetter (Embeddedness),

Viviana Zelizer(Culture and Economy)

MODULE II SOCIOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO ECONOMIC INSTITUTIONS

II.1 Sociology of Consumption: Sociological theories on Consumption-

Marry Duglous, Baron Isherwood (use of goods),

Baudrillard (System of Objects), Pierre Bourdieu (Forms of Capital),

Veblen (Conspicuous Consumption)

II.2 Sociology of Labour and Market : Discrimination in Markets, Social determinants
of inequalities in wage and earning (with a special reference to India)

II.3 Sociology of Firm and Industrial Organisation:Inside the firm, Hierarchy, Corporate
Control and Governance.

II.4 Socio-Cultural aspects of Economic Development in India: Impact of Religion and Caste in Economic Development.

References

- Arrow ,Kenneth1974 ,*The Limits of Organisation* .New York :W.W>Norton
- Becker , Gary 1976 *The Economic Approach to Human Behaviour*.Chicago:
University of Chicago Press
- Bourdieu,Pierre 1986a “The Forms of Capital”. In John .G.Richardson,ed., *Handbook of Theory and Reseach for Sociology of Education.*,Westport, Conn:Greenwood Press
- Di Maggio,Paul 1994 “Culture and the Economy.” In Neil Smelsor and Richard Swedburg,eds ., *Handbook of Economic Sociology*.Princeton, NJ.,and New York Princeton University Press aand Russel Sage Foundation.
- Di Maggio Paul ,and Waltor Powell,eds 1991, *The New Institutionalisation in Organisational Analysis*.Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
- Friedland ,Roger ,and A.F . Robertson ,eds 1990 *Beyond the Marketplace :Rethinking Economy and Society* .
- Granovettor, Mark(1974) !995 *Getting a Job:A Study in Contacts and Careers*.Cambridge , Mass.:Harvard University Press.
- Granovettor,Mark 1985 “ Economic Action and Social Structure : A theory of Embeddedness.”*American Journal of Sociology* 91:481-510
- Parsons , Talcott, and Neil Smelser 1956, *Economy and Society: A Study in the Economic And Social Theory*.London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
- Polanyi, Karl, Conard M.Arensburg, and Hartry W.Pearson ,eds.1957 *Trade and Market in the Early Empires*.Glencoc,III.: Free Press.
- Smelser,Neil.1963, *The Sociology of Economic Life*,EnglewoodCiffs,NJ : Prentice Hall Inc.
- Swedberg, Richard !987,”Economic Sociology : Past and Present.”*Current Sociology*35(1)
- Zelizer ,Viviana 1979 *Pricing the Priceless Child :The Changing Social Value of Children*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 CO.6

No. of Credits : 2

SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

Objectives

1. To provide a broad conceptual and theoretical base of social anthropology to the students, of other disciplines
2. To focus on the historical background of Anthropology as a discipline

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

I. 1 Definition, Meaning, Nature and Scope of Anthropology, Origin of

Anthropology- A historical Perspective

I.2 Development of Anthropology in India

I.3 Theories and Methods of Anthropology: Functional School of thought- Malinovsky

Structural School of thought - Levi Strauss, A R Radcliff Brown

Theories of Cultural Processes : Cultural Pluralism, Cultural relativism,
Evolution, Acculturation, Assimilation,
Diffusion, Integration

Methods of Social Anthropology : Case Study method, Ethnography,
Focused Interview, Participant and
non-participant observations

MODULE II PRIMITIVE SOCIAL STRUCTURE

II.1 Primitive Social Structure, Social Organisations, Primitive Economy, Primitive Law

II.2 Primitive Social Institutions: Family Marriage, Kinship, Kinship Usages, Clan&

Lineage, Totem, Religion and Magic

III.3 Indian Tribes: Special Features, Changes.

References

Madan and Majumdar : *An Introduction to Social Anthropology*

Makhan Jha : *An Introduction to Anthropological thought*

Heskovits M.J. : *Cultural Anthropology*

Leela Dube : *Sociology of Kinship*

Balbir Singh Negi : *Man, Culture and Society*

L.P. Vidhyarthi : *Social Anthropology*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO.4 CO.4

No.of Credits: 2

SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION

Objectives

1. To acquaint with the concept of Educational Sociology and relationship between education and society
2. To develop understanding about the role of family, society, religion, culture and their relationship with education
3. To contextualize the study of education within the discipline of Sociology

MODULE I SOCIOLOGICAL BASIS OF EDUCATION

I.1 Meaning and Definition of Education, Education as the process of Socialisation, Education as a sub system of society

I.2 Education from sociological point of view, Agencies of education: Family, School, Society

I.3 Types of Education: Formal, Non formal and Informal

MODULE II PERSPECTIVES ON EDUCATION AND SOCIETY

II.1 Functionalist Perspective,Marxian Perspective,Conflict Theory

II.2 Modern Perspectives: Cultural Reproduction (Bourdieu), Deschooling Society (Ivan Illich),

Pedagogy of oppressed (Paulo Friere)

MODULE III EDUCATION AND SOCIAL CHANGE

III.1 Education and Social change

III.2 Education and Economic and Social Development

Reference

Bhatnagar,G.S, *Education and Social Change*,The Minerva Associates,Calcutta

Brookover,W.B.& Gottlieb,D.(1984), *A Sociology of Education*,American Book Company,New York

Brown,F.J.(1981) *Educational Sociology*,Prentice Hall,Asia Edition

Chesler,M.A.& Cave,W.M. (1981), *A Sociology of Education: Access to Power and Privilege*,Mc Millan,New York

Cook,L.A & Cook,E.F (1980) *A Sociological Approach to Education*,Prentice Hall,New York

Friere.P. (1972) *Pedagogy of the Oppressed*, Penguin Books

Illich.I (1973) *Deschooling Society*, Penguin Books

Mathur,S.S. (2000) *A Sociological Approach to Indian Education*,Vinod Pustak Mandir,Agra

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 CO.8

No. of credits: 2

SOCIOLOGY OF COMMUNICATION

Objectives

1. To familiarize the students with basic concepts of Sociology of Mass Communication
2. To present the relevance of cultural studies in the disciplines like sociology and Mass Communication

MODULE I BASIC PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

I.1 Definition, Nature and Relevance of Sociology in Modern Society

I.2 Relationship of Sociology with Communication, Journalism, Literature and Cultural Studies

I.3 Media and Communication : Types of Communication, Theories of Mass Communication: Habermas, John Thomson Raymond Williams

MODULE II MASS SOCIETY AND CULTURE

II.1 Cultural Studies as an Interface between Social Sciences and Humanities

II.2 Popular Culture, High Culture, Low Culture

II.3 Films, T.V. and Internet

II.4 Media and Globalization, Impact of Media on Developing Societies

References

John Foske - *Introduction to Communication Studies*

Martenson - *Introduction to Communication Studies*

Anthony Giddens - *Sociology*

Nick Stevenson - *Understanding Media Cultures*

Nick Stevenson - *Social Theory and Mass Communications*

Srivastava K M - *Radio and T.V. Journalism*

Mahtas D.S - *Mass Communication and Journalism in India*

Zahid Hussain - *Media and Communication in the Third World*

Diwakar Sharma - *Mass Communication Theory and Practice in the 21st Century*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO1 CO.9

No. of Credits: 2

SOCIAL WORK AND SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To provide basic understanding on nature and scope of social work
2. To understand the importance of applied sociology and social work in dealing social problems

MODULE I SOCIETY AND SOCIAL WORK

- I.1 Sociological and Socio-psychological approaches in studying society
- I.2 Definition and Importance of Applied Sociology
- I.3 Definition, Functions and Objectives of Social Work
- I.4 Applied Sociology and Social Work- Similarities and Differences

MODULE II SOCIAL WORK IN INDIAN SOCIETY

- II.1 History of Social Work in India
- II.2 General Principles of Social Work
- II.3 Basic attitudes of Professional Social Worker
- II.3 Role of Social worker/ Applied Sociologist in dealing Social problems

Reference

Prakash Ravi& Devi Raeshwar , *Social work Practice*, Mangaldeep Publications, Jaipur

Madan.G.R , *Indian Social Problems-Social disorganization and Reconstruction*,

Allied Publishers Limited, Delhi

Mudgal.S.D, *An Introduction to Social Work*, Book Enclave, Jaipur

Wadia .A.R, *History and Philosophy of Social Work in India*, Allied Publishers

Private Limited, Bombay

Friedlander, Walter.A, *Concepts and Methods of Social Work*, Prentice Hall of

India, New Delhi

Skidmore, Rex.A, *Introduction to Social Work*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey

Chowdhry,D.Paul, *Introduction to SocialWork- History, Concepts, Methods and*

Fields, Atmaram and Sons,Delhi

Zastrow, Charles, *The Practice of Social Work (4th Ed)*, Wdas Worth Publishing

Company, Belmonte, California

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO2 CO.10

No. of Credits: 2

METHODS OF INTERVENTION IN SOCIETY

Objectives

1. To develop skills for scientific intervention in society
2. To provide basic information on tools and techniques used in Social Work/ Applied Sociology

MODULE I METHODS IN SOCIAL WORK

I.1 Social Case work: Definition, Principles, Components, Phases, Case work Records

I.2 Social Group Work: Definition, Philosophy, Relevance and Scope

I.3 Application System Approach

MODULE II TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL RESEARCH

II.1 Social Survey, Case Study, Sociometry

II.2 Problem Solving Techniques: Interview, Home visit, Conducting Meetings,

Recording, Planning

Reference

Prakash Ravi& Devi Raeshwar , *Social work Practice*, Mangaldeep Publications, Jaipur

Madan.G.R , *Indian Social Problems-Social disorganization and Reconstruction*,

Allied Publishers Limited, Delhi

Mudgal.S.D, *An Introduction to Social Work*, Book Enclave, Jaipur

Wadia .A.R, *History and Philosophy of Social Work in India*, Allied Publishers

Private Limited, Bombay

Friedlander, Walter.A, *Concepts and Methods of Social Work*, Prentice Hall of

India, New Delhi

Skidmore, Rex.A, *Introduction to Social Work*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey

Chowdhry,D.Paul, *Introduction to Social Work- History, Concepts, Methods and*

Fields, Atmaram and Sons,Delhi

Zastrow, Charles, *The Practice of Social Work (4th Ed)*, Wdas Worth Publishing

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

S03 CO.11

No. of Credits: 2

WORKING WITH COMMUNITIES

Objectives

1. To provide basic information on community and community organization
2. To give basic understanding on community development worker

MODULE I UNDERSTANDING COMMUNITY

I.1 Definition of Community

I.2 Types of Communities: Rural, Urban, Tribal

I.3 Definition and Meaning of Community Organisation

MODULE II COMMUNITY WORK

II.1 Meaning and Scope of Community Work

II.2 Need of Community Work in India

II.3 Different Approaches in Community Development Programmes:

Welfare and Charity, Growth Oriented, Transformative Approaches

II.4 Role of Voluntary Agencies/NGOs in Community Development

References

Biddle,W.W.& Biddle,L.J., The Community Development Process, Holt, Rinehart

and Winston, New York

Dhama.O.P., Extension& Rural Development

Gangrade ,K.D & Dhadde, Challenge and Response, Rachna Publications, Delhi

Harper.E.B. & Dunham.A., Community Organisation in Action, Association Press,

Delhi

Handerson, Paul and Thomas, David.N.(Ed), Readings in Community Work,

George Allen and Unwin Ltd.,London

King, Clarence, Working with People in Community Action, Association Press,

New York

Lurie, Harry.L., The Community Organisation Method in Social Work Practice

Social Work Curriculum Study Vol.IV U.S.A,Council of Social Work Education

Ross, Murray.G., Community Organisation: Theory and Practice, Harper Brother,

New York

Sanders,Irwin, Making Good Communities Better, Allied Pacific Pvt.Ltd, Bombay

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 CO.12

No. of Credits: 2

FIELD WORK CURRICULUM

Objectives

1. To offer learning experience through interaction with life situation
2. To develop and enhance in the student the capacity to relate theory to practice

FIELD VISIT: AGENCY/ ORGANISATION VISIT

The Organisation / Agency visit is to expose the students to the various settings and modes of Social work Practice. It is meant to give the student an idea of the possibilities ahead, to understand the element of professionalism and the issues and problems involved. This is also intended to give the students an exposure and orientation to the ongoing services by different groups and individuals for addressing people's needs

SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE FIELD VISIT

1. The Field Visit is to be held in the Fourth Semester
2. Each student is to visit any Social Welfare Organisation like Juvenile Home, Orphanage, Kudumbasree Unit, Old Age Home, Prison, Street Children Project, Rehabilitation centres etc.
3. One month placement is suggested in any one of the Social Welfare Organisations
4. Daily interaction may be made with the functionaries and beneficiaries.
5. Systematic attendance and daily plan of interaction is to be maintained and got attested by the authority of the institution/ organization on a daily basis
6. Daily reports and observation records are to be prepared by the students
7. At the end of the Fourth Semester, each student has to submit a separate report of the field work/ visit.
8. The report may contain the following sections

- i) History of the Institution/ Organisation
 - ii) Aims / Objectives of the Institution/ Organisation
 - iii) Organisational Pattern
 - iv) Functioning/ Programmes/ Activities of the Organisation/ Institution
 - v) Critical Evaluation of the Organisation/ Institution
 - vi) Suggestions by the student
9. The report may be presented in typed/ DTP form not exceeding 25 pages either in English or in Malayalam (English: Times New Roman, 12 point font, Malayalam: 12 point font; 1.5 space).
10. The report should be spiral bound and three copies of the same are to be submitted before the last date to the concerned Faculty
11. The Attendance and Recommendation certificate from the authority of the Institution/ Organisation has to be produced along with the report.
12. Report presentation is to be made in an open meeting by each student. The presentation should not exceed 30 minutes.
13. On the basis of the quality of the report, skills in presentation and recommendations from the authorities of the concerned organization/ institution, Faculty members can assign grades to each student.

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO1 CO.13

No. of Credits: 2

PERSONALITY AND SOCIAL SYSTEM

Objectives

1. To provide a brief understanding of Personality
2. To understand the dynamics of personality

MODULE I PERSONALITY

I.1 Personality: Definition, Types

I.2 Theories of Personality: Trait theory, Type Theory, Psychoanalytic Theory

I.3 Measurement of Personality: Projective techniques-TAT, Rorschach Ink Blot Test,

Inventories- MMPI

MODULE II DYNAMICS OF PERSONALITY

II.1 Motivation- Nature and Characteristics

II.2 Adjustment and Maladjustment of Personality

II.3 Frustration and Defense Mechanisms

II.4 Significance of Personality dimensions in Sociological Analysis

References

Hall & Lindsey -*Theories of Personality*

Kimball Young - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Lindsey - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Kretch and Crutchfield -*Theory and Problems in Social Psychology*

C.N.Shankar Rao - *Basic Principles of Sociology*

Leonard Berkowitz - *A Survey of Social Psychology*

B.Ghorpade - *Essentials of Social Psychology*

Henry Clay Lindgren - *An Introduction to Social Psychology(2nd Ed)*

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO2 CO.14

No. of Credits: 2

SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

Objectives

1. To enable the students to analyse the relationship between culture and personality
2. To provide a socio psychological perspective of group dynamics

MODULE I CULTURE PERSONALITY AND SOCIETY

I.1 Culture as a subsystem- Parsons, Cultural Pattern- Ruth Benedict

I.2 Heredity and Environment- Nature-Culture Controversy

I.3 Inter relation between Personality, Culture and Society

I.4 Theories of Socialisation: Mead, Cooley

MODULE II GROUP BEHAVIOUR

II.1 Groups Dynamics and Group Morale

II.2 Leadership in social groups: Definition, Types, Functions, Traits of an effective leader

II.3 Leadership in Corporate Organisations

References

Hall & Lindsey - *Theories of Personality*

Kimball Young - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Lindsey - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Kretch and Crutchfield - *Theory and Problems in Social Psychology*

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COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO3 CO.15

No. of Credits: 2

COLLECTIVE BEHAVIOUR

Objectives

1. To provide a basic idea about the different forms of Collective Behaviour
2. To equip the students to differentiate between the different types of

Collective Behaviour

MODULE I COLLECTIVE BEHAVIOUR

I.1 Collective Behaviour: Definition, Characteristics, Significance

I.2 Theories of Collective Behaviour- Smelser

I.3 Mass and Mass Behaviour- Rumour, Panic, Mass Hysteria, Fashion, Fad

MODULE II CROWD BEHAVIOUR

II.1 Definition, Characteristics and Types of Crowd

II.2 Theories of Crowd Behaviour- Contagion Theory, Emergent Norm Theory, Convergence

Theory

II.3 Mobs and Riot

II.4 Audience- Definition, Types

References

Hall & Lindsey - *Theories of Personality*

Kimball Young - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Lindsey - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Kretch and Crutchfield - *Theory and Problems in Social Psychology*

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COMPLEMENTARY COURSE

SO4 CO.16

No. of Credits: 2

SOCIAL COMMUNICATION

Objectives

1. To list out the fundamental principles of Social Communication
2. To identify the influence of communication on modern society

MODULE I PUBLIC OPINION AND PROPOGANDA

I.1 Public and Public Opinion: Definition, Characteristics

I.2 Propaganda: Definition, Techniques, Limitations

I.3 Attitude and Prejudices

MODULE II SOCIAL COMMUNICATION

II.1 Communication- Definition, Process, Types

II.2 Mass media and communication

II.3 Mass media and modern society, Mass Culture

II.4 Globalisation and its effect on personal identity

References

Hall & Lindsey -*Theories of Personality*

Kimball Young - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Lindsey - *Handbook of Social Psychology*

Kretch and Crutchfield -*Theory and Problems in Social Psychology*

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